## 2nd grade Math

Standards, Benchmarks, Examples and Vocabulary

| Strand | Standard | No. | Benchmark | Qtr. | Unit and Lessons | Example |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number <br> and Operation | Compare and represent whole numbers up to 1000 with an emphasis on place value and equality | 2.1.1.1 | Read, write and represent whole numbers up to 1000. Representations may include numerals, addition, subtraction, multiplication, words, pictures, tally marks, number lines and manipulatives, such as bundles of sticks and base 10 blocks. | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { JUMP Math } \\ & \text { Number Sense } \\ & \text { 2.1- 2.27, 2.29- } \\ & \text { 2.44, 2.45 } \end{aligned}$ | Today's number is 609 . Show this number at least 5 different ways. |
|  |  | 2.1.1.2 | Use place value to describe whole numbers between 10 and 1000 in terms of hundreds, tens and ones. Know that 100 is 10 tens, and 1000 is 10 hundreds. For example: Writing 853 is a shorter way of writing 8 hundreds +5 tens +3 ones. | 1 | JUMP Math <br> Number Sense 2.23-2.26 | How many groups of 10 are in 234? ( 23 ) |
|  |  | 2.1.1.3 | Find 10 more or 10 less than a given three-digit number. Find 100 more or 100 less than a given three-digit number. For example: Find the number that is 10 less than 382 and the number that is 100 more than 382 . | 1 | JUMP Math <br> Number Sense $\text { 2.45-2.46, } 2.65$ | What number is 10 less than 508 ? <br> What number is 10 more? <br> What number is 100 less? <br> What number is 100 more? |
|  |  | 2.1.1.4 | Round numbers up to the nearest 10 and 100 and round numbers down to the nearest 10 and 100 . For example: If there are 17 students in the class and granola bars come 10 to a box, you need to buy 20 bars (2 boxes) in order to have enough bars for everyone. | 1 | JUMP Math <br> Number Sense <br> 2.47 | If there are 17 students in the class and granola bars come 10 to a box, you need to buy 20 bars (2 boxes) in order to have enough bars for everyone |


|  | 2.1.1.5 | Compare and order whole numbers up <br> to 1000. | 1 | JUMP Math <br> Number Sense <br> $2.48,2.49$ | Charity read for 276 minutes. <br> Hue-Chee read for 192 minutes. Rosalyn <br> read for 422 minutes. <br> Jada read for 301 minutes. <br> Who read nearly as much as Jada? |
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|  |  | 2.1.2.1 | Use strategies to generate addition and <br> subtraction facts including making <br> tens, fact families, doubles plus or <br> minus one, counting on, counting <br> back, and the commutative and <br> associative properties. Use the <br> relationship between addition and <br> subtraction to generate basic facts. | 1 |  | JUMP Math <br> Number Sense <br> $2.50-2.66$ |


|  |  |  |  | Management <br> $2.1-2.16$ |  |
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| Algebra | Recognize, create, describe, and use patterns and rules to solve real-world and mathematical problems. | 2.2.1.1 | Identify, create and describe simple number patterns involving repeated addition or subtraction, skip counting and arrays of objects such as counters or tiles. Use patterns to solve problems in various contexts. | 2 | JUMP Math <br> Patters and <br> Algebra 2.1- <br> 2.8, 2.10, 2.12- <br> 2.15 | Skip count by 5 s beginning at 3 to create the pattern $3,8,13,18, \ldots$. Collecting 7 empty milk cartons each day for 5 days will generate the pattern $7,14,21,28,35$, resulting in a total of 35 milk cartons. |
|  | Use number sentences involving addition, subtraction and unknowns to represent and solve real-world and mathematical problems; create realworld situations corresponding to number sentences. | 2.2.2.1 | Understand how to interpret number sentences involving addition, subtraction and unknowns represented by letters. Use objects and number lines and create real-world situations to represent number sentences. | 1 | JUMP Math Number Sense 2.24, 2.312.33, 2.75 | One way to represent $n+16=19$ is by comparing a stack of 16 connecting cubes to a stack of 19 connecting cubes; $24=a+b$ can be represented by a situation involving a birthday party attended by a total of 24 boys and girls. |
|  |  | 2.2.2.2 | Use number sentences involving addition, subtraction, and unknowns to represent given problem situations. Use number sense and properties of addition and subtraction to find values for the unknowns that make the number sentences true. | 1 | JUMP Math Patterns and Algebra 2.9 2.11 <br> Number Sense 2.29, 2.39, 2.40 | How many more players are needed if a soccer team requires 11 players and so far only 6 players have arrived? This situation can be represented by the number sentence $11-6=p$ or by the number sentence $6+p$ $=11$. |


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| Geometry and <br> Measurem ent | Identify, describe and compare basic shapes according to their geometric attributes. Understand length as a measurable attribute; use tools to measure lengths. | 2.3.1.1 | Describe, compare, and classify twoand three-dimensional figures according to number and shape of faces, and the number of sides, edges and vertices (corners). | 2 | JUMP Math Geometry 2.1- 2.2, 2.4, 2.8, $2.36$ |  |
|  |  | 2.3.1.2 | Identify and name basic two- and three-dimensional shapes, such as squares, circles, triangles, rectangles, trapezoids, hexagons, cubes, rectangular prisms, cones, cylinders and spheres. | 2 | JUMP Math <br> Geometry 2.3, <br> 2.5-2.14, 2.15- <br> 2.25, 2.27 | Use a drawing program to show several ways that a rectangle can be decomposed into exactly three triangles. |
|  |  | 2.3.2.1 | Understand the relationship between the size of the unit of measurement and the number of units needed to measure the length of an object. | 2 | JUMP Math Measurement 2.1-2.2.18, 2.24, 2.27, 2.37 | It will take more paper clips than whiteboard markers to measure the length of a table. |
|  |  | 2.3.2.2 | Demonstrate an understanding of the relationship between length and the numbers on a ruler by using a ruler to measure lengths to the nearest centimeter or inch. | 2 | JUMP Math Measurement 2.1-2.2.18, 2.37, 2.38 | Draw a line segment that is 3 inches long. |
|  | Use time and money in real world and mathematical situations. | 2.3.3.1 | Tell time to the quarter-hour and distinguish between a.m. and p.m. | 3 | JUMP Math Measurement 2.28-2.35, 2.46 |  |
|  |  | 2.3.3.2 | Identify pennies, nickels, dimes and quarters. Find the value of a group of coins and determine combinations of coins that equal a given amount. | 3 | JUMP Math Number Sense 2.66-2.71 | 50 cents can be made up of 2 quarters, or 4 dimes and 2 nickels, or many other combinations |

