## $4^{\text {th }}$ Grade/CM1 Student Proficiency Report: French

## Student Name: <br> Teacher:

Notre École
Date:

LISTENING ABILITY: The student’s listening ability in French is best described as...

| NOVICE MID | NOVICE HIGH | INTERMEDIATE LOW | INTERMEDIATE MID | INTERMEDIATE HIGH |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - Understands predictable questions, statements and commands in familiar topic areas (with strong context without prompting support). <br> - Requires slower than normal rate of speech and/ or with repetitions. | - Understands simple questions, statements and commands on familiar topics and some sentences in new topics with strong contextual support. <br> - May require repettion, slower speech, or rephrasing. | - Understands familiar questions, commands and statements in a limited number of content areas. <br> - Understands questions and statements in new content area with strong contextual support. <br> - Follows information that is being given at a fairly normal rate. | - Understands most sentence-level speech in new contexts at a normal rate of speech although slow-downs may be necessary for unfamiliar topics. <br> - Carries out commands. | - Understands longer stretches of connected speech on a number of topics at a normal rate of speech. <br> - Seldom has problems comprehending topics related to everyday life and familiar subject area content (Can request clarification verbally). |

SPEAKING ABILITY: The student's speaking ability in French is best described as...

## NOVICE HIGH

- Partial ability to create language to convey personal meaning by adapting learned material in single sentences and strings of sentences.
- Partial ability to ask and answer questions.

Partial ability to handle a simple survival situation (daily needs) in French.

Uses vocabulary from everyday topics and subject area content to provide basic information.

- Uses memorized expressions with ease and accuracy.

Responds in intelligible sentences most of the tie but does not sustain sentencelevel speech.

- Sentences may not always contain the proper verb formations, and other grammatical naccuracies may be present.

May revert to the use of English when French words cannot be retrieved or when dealing with unfamiliar topics.

INTERMEDIATE MID

- Sustaines minimal ability to create language to convey personal meaning by adapting learned material in single sentences and strings of sentences.

Sustaines minimal ability to ask and answer questions.

Sustaines minimal ability to handle a simple survival situation (daily needs) in French.

Has basic vocabulary for making statements and asking questions to satisfy basic social and academic needs, but not for explaining or elaborating.

Maintains simple conversations at the sentence level in French, although in a restrictive and reactive manner.

Handles a limited number of everyday social and subject content interactions.

Uses a variety of common verbs in present tense (formations may be inaccurate).

- Other verb tenses/ may appear but are not frequent.

The listener may be confused by this speech due to the many grammatical inaccuracies.

- Confident ability to:
create language to convey personal meaning by adopting learned material in single sentences.
ask and answer questions.
handle a simple survival situation (daily needs) in French.
- Has basic vocabulary to permit discussions of a personal nature and subject area topics.
- May attempt circumlocution when appropriate vocabulary is missing.
- Can maintain simple sentence-level conversations.
- May initiate talk spontaneously without relying on questions or prompts.
- May attempt longer, more complex sentences, including the use of basic sentence connectors (e.g., and, but, however).
- Uses and increasing number and variety of verbs.
- Verbs are mostly in present tense although awareness of other verb tenses (future/past) and forms may be evident.
- Meaning is generally clear in spite of


## INTERMEDIATE <br> HIGH

 some grammatical inaccuracies.
## - Partial ability to: <br> converse freely on autobiographical

 topics and issues related to daily living.describe and narrate across the major time-frames of present, past and future.
speak in paragraph-lengh utteranes.
have good control of basic structures and vocabulary to be understood without difficulty by native speakers, ncluding those unaccustomed to language learners.

- Has a broad enough vocabulary for discussing simple social and academic topics in generalities, but may lack detail.

Sometimes achieves successful circumlocution when precise word is lacking.

- Initiates and sustains conversations by using language creatively.

Shows a developing but not sustained ability to use paragraph-level speech with connected sentences (then, so, that, etc.) in descriptions and narrations.

- Control of present tense is solid but patterns of breakdown appear in past and futre timeframes.
- Grammatical inaccuracies are still present.

READING ABILITY: The student's reading ability in French is best described as...

| NOVICE MID | NOVICE HIGH | INTERMEDIATE LOW | INTERMEDIATE MID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - Able to recognize and name uppercase and lowercase letters or symbols. <br> - Can identify a number of highly contextualized words and phrases including cognates and borrowed words but rarely understand material that exceeds a single phrase. <br> - Rereading is often required. | - Can understand, fully and with relative ease, key words and cognates, as well as formulaic phrases across a range of highly contextualized texts. <br> - Where vocabulary has been learned, can understand predictable language and messages such as those found in the environment. <br> - Typically are able to derive meaning from short, non-complex texts that convey basic information for which there is contextual or extra linguistic support. <br> - Reading at a minimum of GB+ level 22 | - Can understand some information from the simplest connected texts dealing with a limited number of personal and social needs. <br> - There may be frequent misunderstandings. <br> - Readers will be challenged to understand connected texts of any length. | - Can understand short, non-complex texts that convey basic information and deal with personal and social topics to which the reader brings personal interest or knowledge. <br> - Reader may get some meaning from short, connected texts featuring description and narration, dealing with familiar topics. |

WRITING ABILITY: The student's writing ability in French is best described as...

## NOVICE MID

- Writes a modest number of words or phrases in context.
- Can supply limited information on simple forms and documents, including biographical information, such as names, numbers and nationality when asked.
- Exhibits a high degree of accuracy when writing on wellpracticed familiar topics using limited formulaic language.
- On less familiar topics, shows a marked decrease in accuracy.

Writing may be difficult to understand even by sympathetic readers.

NOVICE HIGH

- Partial ability to create with language to convey personal meaning by adapting learned material in single sentences and strings of sentences.

Partial ability to ask and answer questions.

Partial ability to meet limited practical writing needs.

- Meets limited basic practical writing needs using lists, short messages, and simple notes.

Writing is focused on common elements of daily school life.

Can recombine learned vocabulary and structures to create simple sentences on very familiar topics but cannot sustain sentence-level writing all the time.

Writing is often comprehensible by natives used to the writing of nonnatives.

## INTERMEDIATE

 LOW- Sustained but minimal ability to create with language to convey personal meaning by adapting learned material in single sentences and strings of sentences.
- Sustained but minimal ability to ask and answer questions.

Sustained but minimal ability to meet limited practical writing needs.

Sentences are short, simple, mirroring oral language.

Sentences are almost exclusively in present time and generally have repetitive structure.

- Topics are highly predictable content areas and personal information.
- Vocabulary is adequate to express elementary needs.
- There are basic errors in grammar, word choice, spelling, punctuation.
- Writing is generally understood by native readers used to the writer of non-natives.


## INTERMEDIATE

 MID- Confident ability to create language to convey personal meaning by adapting learned material in single sentences and strings of sentences.
- Confident ability to ask and answer questions.
- Confident ability to meet limited practical writing needs.
- Sentences are short, simple, mirroring oral language.
- Sentences are almost exclusively in present time but may begin to show evidence of past and future time and generally have repetitive structure.
- Topics are highly predictable content areas and personal information.
- Vocabulary is adequate to express elementary needs.
- There are basic errors in grammar, word choice, spelling, punctuation.
- Writing is gnerally understood by native readers used to the writer of non-natives.

