

## 4<sup>th</sup> Grade/CM2 Student Proficiency Report: French

Student	Namo
Student	Iname.

Teacher:

Date:

**LISTENING ABILITY:** The student's listening ability in French is best described as...

<b>NOVICE HIGH</b>	INTERMEDIATE LOW	INTERMEDIATE MID	INTERMEDIATE HIGH	ADVANCED LOW
- Understands simple questions, statements	<ul> <li>Understands familiar questions, commands</li> </ul>	- Understands most sentence-level speech in	- Understands longer stretches of connected	- Understands main ideas and many details in
and commands on	and statements in a	new contexts at a normal	1 1	connected speech on
familiar topics and some		rate of speech although slow-downs may be	topics at a normal rate of	topics of peronal interest and school-based subjects.
sentences in new topics with strong contextual	content areas.	necessary for unfamiliar	speech.	and school-based subjects.
support.	- Understands questions	topics.	- Seldom has problems	
- May require repettion,	and statements in new content area with strong	- Carries out commands.	comprehending topics related to everyday life	
slower speech, or	contextual support.	Guilles out communus.	and familiar subject area	
rephrasing.			content (Can request	
	- Follows information that		clarification verbally).	
	is being given at a fairly			
	normal rate.			

**SPEAKING ABILITY:** The student's speaking ability in French is best described as...

<b>NOVICE HIGH</b>	INTERMEDIATE LOW	INTERMEDIATE MID	INTERMEDIATE HIGH
- Partial ability to create	- Sustaines minimal ability to create	<ul> <li>Confident ability to: create language to convey personal</li> </ul>	- Partial ability to: converse freely on autobiographical
language to convey personal meaning by adapting learned	language to convey personal meaning by adapting learned material in single	meaning by adopting learned material	topics and issues related to daily living.
material in single sentences	sentences and strings of sentences.	in single sentences.	describe and narrate across the major
and strings of sentences.	- Sustaines minimal ability to ask	ask and answer questions.	time-frames of present, past and future.
- Partial ability to ask and	and answer questions.	handle a simple survival situation (daily	speak in paragraph-lengh utteranes.
answer questions.	- Sustaines minimal ability to	needs) in French.	
- Partial ability to handle a	handle a simple survival situation (daily needs) in French.	- Has basic vocabulary to permit	have good control of basic structures and vocabulary to be understood without
simple survival situation (daily needs) in French.	(daily needs) in French.	discussions of a personal nature and	difficulty by native speakers, ncluding
- Uses vocabulary from	- Has basic vocabulary for making statements and asking questions to	subject area topics.	those unaccustomed to language learners.
everyday topics and subject	satisfy basic social and academic	- May attempt circumlocution when	- Has a broad enough vocabulary for
area content to provide basic information.	needs, but not for explaining or elaborating.	appropriate vocabulary is missing.	discussing simple social and academic
		- Can maintain simple sentence-level	topics in generalities, but may lack detail.
- Uses memorized expressions with ease and accuracy.	- Maintains simple conversations at the sentence level in French, although	conversations.	- Sometimes achieves successful
	in a restrictive and reactive manner.	- May initiate talk spontaneously without	circumlocution when precise word is
- Responds in intelligible sentences most of the tie but	- Handles a limited number of	relying on questions or prompts.	lacking.
does not sustain sentence-	everyday social and subject content interactions.	- May attempt longer, more complex sentences, including the use of basic	- Initiates and sustains conversations by
level speech.		sentence connectors (e.g., and, but,	using language creatively.
- Sentences may not always contain the proper verb	- Uses a variety of common verbs in present tense (formations may be	however).	- Shows a developing but not sustained ability to use paragraph-level speech
formations, and other	inaccurate).	- Uses and increasing number and variety	with connected sentences (then, so, that,
grammatical naccuracies may be present.	- Other verb tenses/ may appear but are	of verbs.	etc.) in descriptions and narrations.
	not frequent.	- Verbs are mostly in present tense	- Control of present tense is solid but
- May revert to the use of English when French words	- The listener may be confused by this	although awareness of other verb tenses (future/past) and forms may be evident.	patterns of breakdown appear in past and futre timeframes.
cannot be retrieved or when	speech due to the many grammatical		- Grammatical inaccuracies are still
dealing with unfamiliar topics.	inaccuracies.	- Meaning is generally clear in spite of some grammatical inaccuracies.	present.

**INTERMEDIATE INTERMEDIATE INTERMEDIATE NOVICE HIGH** LOW MID HIGH Can understand short, non-Can understand fully and with ease Can understand, fully and with Can understand some information relative ease, key words and from the simplest connected texts complex texts that convey basic non-complex texts that convey cognates, as well as formulaic dealing with a limited number of information and deal with personal basic information and deal with phrases across a range of highly personal and social needs. and social topics to which the personal and social topics to which reader brings personal interest or the reader brings personal interest contextualized texts. There may be frequent knowledge. or knowledge. Where vocabulary has been misunderstandings. learned, can understand Reader may get some meaning Can understand some connected from short, connected texts predictable language and Readers will be challenged to texts featuring description and understand connected texts of any messages such as those found in featuring description and narration, narration although there will be length. dealing with familiar topics. occasional gaps in understanding the environment. due to a limited knowledge of - Reading at a minimum of GB+ vocabulary, structures and writing Typically are able to derive meaning from short, nonlevel 26 conventions of the language. complex texts that convey basic information for which there is contextual or extra linguistic support.

**READING ABILITY:** The student's reading ability in French is best described as...

**INTERMEDIATE INTERMEDIATE INTERMEDIATE NOVICE HIGH** LOW MID HIGH Confident ability to create - Partial ability to write factual Partial ability to create with Sustained but minimal ability to language to convey personal create with language to convey language to convey personal narratives, descriptions and meaning by adapting learned personal meaning by adapting meaning by adapting learned summaries. material in single sentences learned material in single sentences material in single sentences and and strings of sentences. and strings of sentences. strings of sentences. - Partial ability to narrate and describe in major timeframes, using Partial ability to ask and Sustained but minimal ability to Confident ability to ask and answer elaboration and clarification answer questions. ask and answer questions. questions. - Partial ability to write with good Partial ability to meet limited Sustained but minimal ability to Confident ability to meet limited control of high frequency structures practical writing needs. meet limited practical writing practical writing needs. and vocabulary. needs. Meets limited basic practical Sentences are short, simple, - Writes compositions and simple writing needs using lists, short summaries related to school subjects Sentences are short, simple, mirroring oral language. and school and personal experiences messages, and simple notes. mirroring oral language. Sentences are almost exclusively in present time but may begin to show - Narrates and describes in different - Writing is focused on common Sentences are almost exclusively in present time and generally have elements of daily school life. evidence of past and future time timeframes when writing about repetitive structure. and generally have repetitive everyday events, situations and Can recombine learned content of school subjects. structure. vocabulary and structures to - Topics are highly predictable create simple sentences on very content areas and personal Topics are highly predictable - Writing is often, but not always, of familiar topics but cannot content areas and personal paragraph length. information. sustain sentence-level writing information. Vocabulary is adequate to express - Vocabulary, grammar and style closely all the time. resemble how the student speaks. elementary needs. Vocabulary is adequate to express Writing is often elementary needs. comprehensible by natives - There are basic errors in grammar, - Writing is generally understood by used to the writing of nonword choice, spelling, punctuation. natives not used to the writing of non-There are basic errors in grammar, word choice, spelling, punctuation. natives. natives. - Writing is generally understood by native readers used to the writer of Writing is gnerally understood by native readers used to the writer of non-natives. non-natives.

WRITING ABILITY: The student's writing ability in French is best described as...